LDA5 / PAM1

ALTERNATING FIELD DEMAGNETIZER ANHYSTERETIC AND PULSE MAGNETIZER



User Manual

Version 1.2.2 September 2022



User Manual Conventions

Prohibition symbol is used to prohibit any action which may cause a loss of properties, damage or injury.

Warning symbol is used to draw a special attention to an important information.

Information symbol is used to give a useful hint or tip for more confortable work with the instrument.

LDA5 Software Conventions

AC amplitude	User interface terms.
Fast	(Default values are underlined.)
START STOP	User interface buttons.
[F1]	Keyboard shortcuts.
[Enter]	(Applicable only in the Desktop mode)

Status Bar Indicators

Green	Instrument is ready.
Orange	Instrument in action.
Blinking orange	Demagnetization/Magnetization in process.
Red	Error or User stop.

General Safety Instructions

Before beginning of work with the instrument review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it.

Only gualified personnel should perform service procedures!

- Do Not Operate Without Covers! To avoid electric shock or fire hazard, do not operate this product with covers or panels removed.
- Do Not Operate in Wet or Damp Conditions! To avoid electric shock, do not operate this product in wet or damp conditions.
- Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere! To avoid injury or fire hazard, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere.
- **Do Not Disconnect Connectors!** To avoid damage of the instrument never disconnect any connector while the device is ON.
- **Do Not Operate With Suspected Failures!** If you suspect there is damage to this product, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.
- Do Not Lift the Specimen Unit by the Top-Side Metal Rods! It should be handled only using two blue handgrips at each side of the unit.

Use Proper Power Cord! To avoid fire hazard, use only the power cord specified for this product.

Fasten Connectors! Do not operate the instrument if all connectors are not properly plugged and fixed by screws.

Disconnect Power Source! To avoid risk of electric shock unplug the instrument from mains before reinstalling or removing unit.

Use Proper Power Source! Do not operate this product from a power source A that applies more than the voltage specified.

Use Proper Fuses Only! Do not use fuses which are not specified by the igta manufacturer. If a fuse with a different characteristics or value is used, the protection is not effective.



The Instrument Parts Are Very Heavy! Be careful especially when handling the Specimen Unit.



Operator's Training! Operator should be familiar with operation of the instrument and Safety Regulations.

Use Manufacturer's Cables Only! Other devices can be connected to the Α instrument via the appropriate cables only.

Avoid tumbling empty tumbler! If doing so, e.g. for the purpose of testing or $m \Delta$ instrument demonstration, make sure that the fixing screw is tighten. Loose screw may halt the tumbling motion and demage the tumbler.

Unstable or highly disturbed AC power may invoke safety circuits to protect H the sensitive electronic parts by switching OFF the instrument or burning inner fuses.

Storage and Transportation

The properly wrapped instrument can be stored and transported at a temperature -20 °C to + 55 °C and relative humidity up to 80 %. The instrument must be stored at suitable place, free of dust and chemical evaporation.

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1 Introduction

LDA5 – Laboratory **D**emagnetizer using **A**lternating field serves for a laboratory demagnetization of rock or soil samples. Alternating field demagnetization is one of the principal techniques used in paleomagnetism to isolate the characteristic component(s) of the natural remanent magnetization. In rock magnetic research, alternating field demagnetization is used for magnetic cleaning, namely to remove any laboratory-imparted magnetization resulting from rock magnetic experiments.

PAMI – **P**ulse and **A**nhysteretic **M**agnetizer (optional electronic add-on unit to LDA5 Demagnetizer) serves for a deliberate anhysteretic or (low-field) isothermal magnetization of rock or soil samples. A controlled acquisition of remanent magnetization (either ARM or IRM) is used, for example, to estimate absolute paleointensity, characterize magnetic carriers of rocks, determine their domain state and grain sizes, detect magnetic fabric, or study any other fundamental aspects of magnetism.

2 Operational Principle

2.1 Demagnetizer

Alternating field demagnetization is performed by exposing a specimen to an alternating magnetic field (AC field) of gradually decreasing amplitude in a null magnetic field environment (Figure 1a). The peak AC field amplitude (AC_{max}) controls which part of the specimen coercivity spectrum is involved in the demagnetization process. Assuming a range of coercivities in a specimen, domains with coercivities equal to or lower than AC_{max} follow the field oscillation. As the field amplitude is gradually decreased, each domain is remagnetized when the field passes its coercivity value. Two opposite senses of the AC field represent two preferential directions, and when AC field amplitude gets to zero, domain magnetization is statistically distributed half in one sense, half in the opposite, thereby yielding a zero resultant magnetization.

During a demagnetization treatment, the AC field amplitude is: (1) increased to its peak value as quickly as possible (special care is taken not to overshoot the peak value), (2) maintained constant for a desired time (AC_{max} plateau), and then (3) gradually decreased to zero. There are four options for the decrease rate and three options for the course of decrease (Figure 7). During the entire process, the specimen is subjected to a slow motion in the two-axis tumbler to allow the demagnetization in all possible directions. Alternatively, the specimen can be demagnetized parallel to one of its coordinate system axis or, in the three-axis mode, subsequently parallel to all three axes. The whole demagnetization process is computer-controlled and fully automated.

The usual strategy of alternating field demagnetization is to repeat the abovedescribed process in several steps, each time with increasing AC_{max}, and thus gradually erase remanence components of increasing coercivity. After each step, the magnetic remanence should be measured and visualized to monitor the whole process.

The actual demagnetization using **LDA5** is performed in the **Specimen Unit** equipped with a solenoid (coil) shielded from the external magnetic field (mainly Earth's magnetic field) by three layers of mu-metal. The coil carries an alternating current which induces an alternating magnetic field that is, in a certain volume inside the coil, parallel to its axis. The electric current is generated in such a way that it is free of the higher harmonic frequencies that may cause an undesired parasitic magnetization.

2.2 Anhysteretic Magnetizer

Anhysteretic remanent magnetization (ARM) is acquired when a specimen is subjected to an AC field of gradually decreasing amplitude simultaneously with a steady DC field (also referred to as a *bias field*). The combined action of AC and DC fields is much more efficient in producing a remanence than the application of a DC field alone. AC field amplitude controls which particles, based on their coercivity, are involved in the magnetization process while DC field intensity controls how much the particles in question are magnetized. Typically, the DC field is maintained during the entire course of AC field decrease (Figure 1b). In a special case, a DC field is applied only for a limited time within an AC coercivity window AC_{max} and AC_{min}, to acquire a partial ARM (pARM, Figure 1c).

The actual magnetization using **LDA5/PAM1** is performed in the **Specimen Unit**. DC field is parallel to the coil axis and points out of the coil. The two-axis tumbler facilitates specimen positioning into 18 different orientations (with respect to the coil axis) and hence a directional ARM acquisition (Figure 2). Optionally, the directional acquisition can be subsequently performed following a scheme of directions to calculate anisotropy of anhysteretic remanent magnetization (AARM).

2.3 Pulse Magnetizer

Isothermal remanent magnetization (IRM) is usually understood as a remanence resulting from the application of a DC field to an assemblage of magnetic particles. Using the **Pulse Magnetizer**, IRM is imparted by subjecting a specimen to a pulse of DC field of certain intensity, duration, and polarity, or optionally, a sequence of pulses of alternating polarity (Figure 1d).

The actual magnetization using **LDA5/PAM1** is performed in the **Specimen Unit**. DC field is parallel to the coil axis and points out of the coil. The two-axis tumbler facilitates specimen positioning into 18 different orientations and hence a directional IRM acquisition (Figure 2). Optionally, the directional acquisition can be subsequently performed following a scheme of directions to calculate anisotropy of isothermal remanent magnetization (AIRM).



Figure 1: Schematic principles of demagnetization or magnetization.

a) **Alternating field demagnetization** – particles with coercivity equal to or lower than AC_{max} are demagnetized.

b) **Anhysteretic magnetization** – particles with coercivity equal to or lower than AC_{max} are magnetized.

c) **Partial anhysteretic magnetization** – only particles within the coercivity window between AC_{max} and AC_{min} are magnetized.

d) Pulse magnetization - example of four DC field pulses with alternating polarity.



Figure 2: Spherical projection of 18 magnetizing directions (User mode).

3 Instrument Set-Up

The instrument consists of the following units (Figure 3):

- Specimen Unit a large glossy tube equipped with a demagnetizing / magnetizing coil located inside of three mu-metal shielding. Inside of the coil, and parallel to its axis, there is a specimen holder equipped with a two-axis tumbler system, further refer to as the tumbler. The tumbler is attached to a rail and can be pulled out the Specimen Unit in order to mount the specimen.
- LDA5 Unit controls demagnetization process as well as the tumbler motion.
- **PAMI Unit** an optional add-on unit. It controls the generation of DC fields used for anhysteretic or pulse magnetizations.



• PC Computer - controls the instrument via a USB cable.

Figure 3: A typical set-up of LDA5/PAM1 showing individual units of the instrument.

The instrument is transported as unconnected units that are carefully packed in order to be protected as much as possible from any transportation-related damage. To assemble the instrument follow these steps:

- Remove carefully all units and instrument accessories from the transportation box and unwrap the packing material. Refer to the *Packing List* to verify that everything has been delivered. Briefly inspect each item for shipping damage. If anything is missing or damaged, contact the manufacturer or your dealer immediately.
- 2. Place the individual units on a solid (preferably wooden) table. For the maximum shielding effect, the **Specimen Unit** should be oriented, using a compass, with its cylinder axis perpendicular to the local magnetic meridian, i.e. its axis should be oriented W-E. It is recommended to draw a W-E line on the table before installing the **Specimen Unit** because a close contact of the compass with the mu-metal shield could cause a compass deviation and thus an imprecise orientation. **LDA5 Unit**, and optionally **PAM1 Unit**, are recommended to be placed on the table next to the **Specimen Unit** (see Figure 3 for an example set-up).
- 3. Connect the individual units using the interconnecting cables (Figure 4). The cables have different connectors so any misconnection is impossible. PC Computer (Desktop/Notebook/Tablet) is connected to the LDA5 Unit via USB cable (provided with the instrument). LDA5 program must be installed before the USB cable is connected to the computer!¹ LDA5 Unit, and optionally PAM1 Unit, are connected to the power outlet via a surge protector.

Never lift the Specimen Unit by the top-side metal rods! It should be handled only using two blue handgrips at each side of the unit or the metal base frame.

The instrument parts are very heavy! Be careful especially when handling the **Specimen Unit**.

You may retain the transportation box and other packing material in case you need to ship the instrument.

¹For LDA5 installation see Chapter 4.1.



Figure 4: LDA5/PAM1 interconnecting scheme.

4 Computer Control

The instrument is controlled by the LDA5 program running on a PC Desktop or Tablet with MS Windows Operating System (*Windows 98* up to *Windows 8*). If the instrument is delivered with a computer, a copy of LDA5 is already installed. If not, you must install the software according to the following instructions.

4.1 Software Installation

The installation is very straightforward and consists of several easy steps. You can navigate forward or backward by clicking on Next > or < Back, respectively.

- 1. Double-click on LDA5-Setup.exe to start the LDA5 Setup Wizard (Figure 5a).
- 2. Select whether you install the software on **Desktop** or **Tablet** (Figure 5b).
- 3. Select the installation directory (Figure 5c). It is recommended to keep the default directory (C:\Agico\LDA5) as pre-set by the installation wizard.
- 4. Choose the folder name in the Start menu (Figure 5d).
- 5. Indicate whether you want to create a desktop icon (Figure 5e).
- 6. Revise your installation settings and start the installation by clicking on Install (Figure 5f).
- 7. Revise the installation report (Figure 5g).
- 8. Finish the installation by clicking on Finish (Figure 5h).

4.2 Uninstalling of Software

To remove **LDA5** from your computer, select the *Uninstall LDA5* item in the *Start* |*Programs* | *LDA5* menu option. All application files, desktop icons, and shortcuts will be deleted.

a) [🖟 Setup - LDA5 💿 💌	h)	😽 Setup - LDA5 📃 🗖 💌
ч)	Welcome to the LDA5 Setup Wizard This will instal LDA5 - ver.1.1.0 on your computer. It is recommended that you close all other applications before	,	Application Mode What is your device? Please select the device type on which the application is installed, then click Next. © bestop
	Ageo Software Written by Martin Chadima		◎ Tablet
	Next > Cancel		< Back Next > Cancel
c) [15 Setup - LDA5 🗾 🗖 💌	(h	🛐 Setup - LDAS 💿 🗉 💌
0)	Select Destination Location Where should LDAS be installed?	4)	Select Start Menu Folder Where should Setup place the program's shortcuts?
	Setup will install LDA5 into the following folder.		Setup will create the program's shortcuts in the following Start Menu folder.
	To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a different folder, click Browse.		To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a different folder, click Browse.
	Provise		auna
-	At least 4.2 MB of free disk space is required.		
	< Back Next > Cancel		< <u>Back</u> <u>Next</u> > Cancel
<u>م)</u> (15 Setup - LDA5 🗾 🗖 💌	f)	15 Setup - LDAS
ς,	Select Additional Tasks Which additional tasks should be performed?	יי)	Ready to Install Setup is now ready to begin installing LDA5 on your computer.
-	Select the additional tasks you would like Setup to perform while installing LDA5, then		Click Install to continue with the installation, or click Back if you want to review or
	Additional icons:		Citating a tiry security. Destination location: C:1/adicol/DA5
	Create a desktop iconi		
			Start Menu folder: LDAS
			Start Menu folder: LDAS Additional tasks: Additional tasks: Create a dedition icon
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a) [< Back Next > Cancel	b)	Skart Men Golder: LAAS Additional tasks: Additional icone: Create a desitop icon
g)	<back next=""> Cancel</back>	h)	Skart Meru folder: LDAS Additional kons: Additional kons: Create a desktop icon & & & & & & & & & & & & &
g)	Image: Setup - LDAS Image: Setup - LDAS Information Image: Setup - LDAS When you are ready to continue with Setup, click Next.	h)	Skart Heru folder: LDA5 Additional icons: Create a desktop icon (< Back
g) [Cancel Cancel Cancel Setup - LDAS Please read the following important information before continuing. When you are ready to continue with Setup, click Next. LDAS - ver.1.1.0 was successfully installed on your computer.	h)	Start Hen Golder: LDA5 Additional tasks: Additional icons: Create a desktop icon
g) [h)	Skart Hen Golder: LAS Additional tesks: Additional icons: Create a desktop icon
g) [Cancel Cancel Cancel Setur - LDAS Information Rease read the following important information before continuing. When you are ready to continue with Setup, click Next. LDAS - ver.11.10 was successfully installed on your computer. Thank you for using Agico, Inc. software.	h)	Start Hen Golder: DAS Additional tasks: Additional icons: Create a desktop icon
g)	Cancel Concel Concel	h)	Skart Men Golder: LAS Additional tesks: Additional icons: Create a desktop icon Create a desktop icon Center of the skall of the skalling LDAS on your computer. The application may be launched by selecting the installed icons. Cick Finish to exit Setup.
g) [Setup - LDAS Information Please read the following important information before continuing. When you are ready to continue with Setup, click Next. LDAS - ver.1.1.0 was successfully installed on your computer. Thank you for using Agico, Inc. software.	h)	Start Hen Golder: LDAS Additional tasks: Additional icons: Create a desktop icon
g) [Cancel Cancel	h)	Skart Men Golder: LAS Additional tesks: Additional icons: Create a desktop icon Create a desktop icon Completing the LDA5 Setup Completing the LDA5 Setup Wizard Setup - IDA5 Setup - IDA5 Setup - IDA5 Setup - IDA5 Setup - IDA5 Completing the LDA5 Setup Cited installing LDA5 on your computer. The application may be launched by selecting the installed icons. Cick Finish to exit Setup.

Figure 5: Installation steps of LDA5 program.

5 Working with the Instrument

5.1 Starting the Instrument

- 1. Make sure that the LDA5 program is correctly installed! See Chapter 4.1.
- 2. Connect the instrument to the computer via the USB cable. A new virtual COM-Port is automatically assigned. Wait several seconds to complete this action until a notification appears.
- 3. Switch ON the LDA5 Unit, and optionally, the PAMI Unit. The main power switch is located on the rear side of the respective unit.
- 4. Start LDA5 by double-clicking on LDA5 desktop icon or by clicking on the LDA5 item in the Start|Programs|LDA5 menu of the operating system.
- 5. The software automatically:
 - (a) Searches for the instrument connection via USB. If no connection is found, check whether the instrument is ON or properly connected.²
 - (b) Searches for the optimal frequency of AC current used for AC field generation. The optimal frequency should be around 43 Hz. This step is done only once a month.
 - (c) Initializes the tumbler.
- 6. INSTRUMENT IS READY status bar message indicates a successfull instrument initialization.
- LDA5 Unit cannot be switched ON right after it has been switched OFF. You must wait 10s before restarting the instrument.
- Even though the **PAMI Unit** has its own main power switch, its switching is controlled by the LDA5 Unit. You may leave the PAMI Unit ON all the time.



To get an interactive hint hover the mouse pointer over the desired item of the user interface (without clicking it) and a tooltip box appears. Note that Tooltips do not appear in the Tablet mode.

 $^{^{2}}$ Only the virtual ports COM1 to COM16 are scanned. If the connection is not found check whether the assigned COM port is in the range COM1-COM16 using the Windows device manager.

5.2 Selecting Instrument Mode

Depending on the hardware configuration, the following instrument modes are available. Click on the respective button to switch the instrument into the desired mode:



³Available only when the **PAMI Unit** is connected.

5.3 Demagnetization

5.3.1 Setting Demagnetization Parameters

Switch the instrument into the **DEMAGNETIZER** mode (Section 5.2) and set the desired demagnetization parameters (Figure 6):

AC amplitude - maximum amplitude of AC field (0 - 200 mT⁴)

AC max time – duration of AC field plateau (0 – 30 s)

AC decrease rate ⁵

- **Slow** decrease rate ca.1 mT/s (0 100 mT)
- Medium decrease rate ca. 1.5 mT/s (0 150 mT)
- Fast decrease rate ca.3 mT/s (0 200 mT)
- Extra fast decrease rate ca.9 mT/s (0 200 mT)

AC decrease course

- Speeding gentle decrease of AC amplitude at start and steep in the end (Figure 7a)
- Linear linear decrease of AC amplitude (Figure 7b)
- Slowing steep decrease of AC amplitude at start and gentle in the end (Figure 7c)
- $\sqrt{\text{Tumbler}}$ if checked, the tumbler is active and the following options are applicable:
 - Tumbling specimen demagnetization of tumbling specimen
 - Three axes subsequent demagnetization parallel to all three specimen axes
 - +x-axis demagnetization with the +x axis facing out of the coil
 - +y-axis demagnetization with the +y axis facing out of the coil
 - +z-axis demagnetization with the +z axis facing out of the coil
 - -x-axis demagnetization with the -x axis facing out of the coil
 - -y-axis demagnetization with the -y axis facing out of the coil
 - -z-axis demagnetization with the -z axis facing out of the coil

⁴See **AC** decrease rate for the maximum AC amplitude available for each rate.

⁵For approximate duration of a single demagnetization treatment see Table 1 on Page 16.



Figure 6: An example of the **DEMAGNETIZER** user interface in the Desktop or Tablet installation modes.

AC max	Slow	Medium	Fast	Extra fast
10 mT	22 s	19 s	16 s	14 s
20 mT	31 s	25 s	19 s	16 s
50 mT	58 s	43 s	29 s	19 s
100 mT	105 s	74 s	44 s	24 s
150 mT	n/a	108 s	64 s	35 s
200 mT	n/a	n/a	80 s	41 s

Table 1: Approximate durations of a single demagnetization/anhysteretic magnetization treatment according to the maximum AC field amplitude and AC decrease rate. Note that the presented values do not include duration of tumbler manipulations and AC_{max} plateau.



Figure 7: AC field amplitude during a single demagnetization treatment. Blue – AC field increase, Green – AC max plateau, Red – AC field decrease with three different courses: a) Speeding decrease, b) Linear decrease, c) Slowing descrease.

5.3.2 Demagnetization Process

- 1. Pull the tumbler from the Specimen Unit.
- 2. Insert the specimen into the tumbler (Figure 8). The front face of the specimen must be oriented toward the coil and the arrow representing the *x*-axis of the specimen coordinate system (Figure 9) must point upward.
- 3. Gently tighten the fixing screw (Figure 8). Be careful, excessive tightening force may temporarily skew the tumbler which may leads to its malfunction.
- 4. Push the tumbler all the way into the **Specimen Unit**.
- 5. Hit START [Enter].
- According to the Demagnetization mode, the tumbling motion starts or the required specimen orientation is set.
- AC field is quickly increased to its maximum amplitude, AC_{max}, maintained constant for a desired time, and then gradually decreased to zero (Figure 7). The current AC field amplitude is displayed in the RED panel of the user interface (Figure 6).
- 8. In the **Three axes** mode, the Steps 6 and 7 are repeated for each specimen axis.
- 9. The tumbler is initialized.
- 10. **INSTRUMENT IS READY** status bar mesage indicates that the instrument is ready for the next action.

In case of emergency (e.g. specimen gets loose), demagnetization process can be immediately stopped by clicking on **STOP** [Space Bar]. Tumbling motion is immediately stopped and **AC field** amplitude drops to zero as fast as possible. To initialize the tumbler, hit INITIALIZE TUMBLER [Key I].

A

To prevent an excessive overheating of the instrument amplifier, especially when higher AC fields with longer AC max plateau times are used, the software may wait for a short time before new demagnetization treatment is allowed to start.

Long-term use of higher AC fields causes a gradual heating of the Specimen
 Unit coil. Heat dissipation is aided by cooling fans that are automatically activated when AC amplitude higher then 50 mT is set.



Figure 8: Specimen mounting into the tumbler. The front face of the specimen must be oriented toward the coil and the arrow representing the *x*-axis of the specimen coordinate system (red) must point upward. a) Cylindric specimen, b) Cubic specimen.



Figure 9: Specimen marking convention for cylindric and cubic specimens, righthanded coordinate system. Single arrow represents the x-axis of the specimen.

5.4 Anhysteretic Magnetization

5.4.1 Setting Magnetization Parameters

Switch the instrument into the **ANHYSTERETIC MAGNETIZER** mode (Section 5.2) and set the desired magnetization parameters (Figure 11):

AC/DC fields

AC max - maximum amplitude of AC field (0 - 200 mT⁶)

AC min - amplitude of AC field at which DC field is switched OFF (0 - AC max)

DC – intensity of **DC field** (0 – 500 μ T)

AC max time - duration of AC max plateau (0 - 30 s)

AC decrease rate⁷

- **Slow** decrease rate ca. 1 mT/s (0 100 mT)
- Medium decrease rate ca. 1.5 mT/s (0 150 mT)
- Fast decrease rate ca. 3 mT/s (0 200 mT)
- Extra fast decrease rate ca. 9 mT/s (0 200 mT)

AC decrease course

- Speeding gentle decrease of AC amplitude at start and steep in the end (Figure 7a)
- Linear linear decrease of AC amplitude (Figure 7b)
- Slowing steep decrease of AC amplitude at start and gentle in the end (Figure 7c)

 $\sqrt{\text{Tumbler}}$ – if checked, the tumbler is active and the following options are applicable:

- User mode all available 18 directions
- A-mode anisotropy A-mode (12 directions)
- B-mode anisotropy B-mode (6 directions)
- C-mode anisotropy C-mode (6 directions)
- D-mode anisotropy D-mode (3 directions)

⁶See AC decrease rate for the maximum AC amplitude available for each rate.

⁷For approximate duration of a single demagnetization treatment see Table 1 on Page 16.

LDA5 - ver. 1.2.0 [Deskto	p Mode]	•	LDA5 - ver. 1.2.	0 [Tablet Mode]	
DEMAGNETIZER ANHYSTERETIC MAGNETIZER		DEMAGNETIZI	ER ANHYST MAGN	ERETIC	PULSE MAGNETIZER
PULSE M/ AC/DC fields AC max [mT] 50 AC min [mT] 0 DC [uT] 100	AGNETIZER AC max time Time [s] 1	AC/DC fields AC max [mT] AC min [mT] DC [uT]	50 0 100	AC max ti Time [s]	ime 1
AC decrease rate Slow Medium Fast Extra fast	AC decrease course Speeding C Linear Slowing	AC decrease rat Slow Fast	e Medium Extra fast	AC decre	ase course
✓ Tumbler ← User mode C A-m ← P-mode C C-m ← +x-axis C +y-a ← -x-axis C -y-a	ode C B-mode ode C D-mode Ixis C +z-axis xis C -z-axis	User mode P-mode +x-axis -x-axis	e A-m C-m +y-a	ode ode axis	B-mode D-mode +z-axis
PREV	NEXT	PREV	U Auto	1 next	NEXT
AC field [mT] DC field [uT]		AC fiel	INITIALIZE d [mT]		DC field [uT]
STOP		STA	IRT		STOP
INSTRUMENT IS RE	ADY	INSTRUMEN	T IS READY		

Figure 10: An example of the **ANHYSTERETIC MAGNETIZER** user interface in the Desktop or Tablet installation modes.

- P-mode anisotropy P-mode (15 directions)
- +x-axis magnetization parallel to the +x axis
- +y-axis magnetization parallel to the +y axis
- +z-axis magnetization parallel to the +z axis
- -x-axis magnetization parallel to the -x axis
- -y-axis magnetization parallel to the -y axis
- -z-axis magnetization parallel to the -z axis
- PREV ⁸ previous magnetizing direction is set [PgUp].
- NEXT⁸ next magnetizing direction is set [PgDn].
- $\sqrt{$ Auto next ⁸ if checked, a subsequent magnetizating direction is automatically set when the current magnetization is finished.

User mode	Principal axes	A-mode	B-mode	C-mode	D-mode	P-mode	Direction
UI	+x-axis			C1	D1	P3	0/0
U2	-x-axis			C2			180/0
U3	+y-axis			C3	D2	P8	90/0
U4	–y-axis			C4			270/0
U5	+z-axis			C5	D3	P13	0/90
U6	-z-axis			C6			0/-90
U7		A1	B1			P2	45/0
U8		A2				P5	225/0
U9		A3	B2			P4	315/0
UIO		A4				Pl	135/0
UII		A5	B3			P7	90/45
U12		A6				P10	270/-45
U13		A7	B4			P9	90/-45
U14		A8				P6	270/45
U15		A9	B5			P12	0/45
U16		A10				P15	180/-45
U17		A11	B6			P14	180/45
U18		A12				P11	0/-45

Table 2: A scheme of magnetizing directions according to the magnetizing mode. Directions are presented in specimen coordinate system as declination / inclination. Each pair represents a set of antipodal directions.

5.4.2 Magnetization Process

- 1. Pull the tumbler from the Specimen Unit.
- 2. Insert the specimen into the tumbler (Figure 8). The front face of the specimen must be oriented toward the coil and the arrow representing the *x*-axis of the specimen coordinate system (Figure 9) must point upward.
- 3. Gently tighten the fixing screw (Figure 8). Be careful, excessive tightening force may temporarily skew the tumbler which may leads to its malfunction.
- 4. Push the tumbler all the way into the **Specien Unit** until you feel a slight click.
- 5. Hit START [Enter].
- The tumbler sets the required specimen orientation (according to the Magnetizing mode).

⁸Available only for Anisotropy modes.

- 7. DC field is switched ON ⁹.
- AC field is increased to its maximum amplitude, AC_{max}, maintained constant for a desired time, and then gradually decreased to zero (Figure 7). The current AC field amplitude is displayed in the DC field intensity in the RED panel and the current DC field intensity in the GREEN panel of the user interface (Figure 1).
- DC field is switched OFF. Alternatively, when performing a partial anhysteretic magnetization, DC field is switched OFF during the AC field decrease (Step 8) when AC field amplitude drops below AC_{min}.
- 10. The tumbler is initialized.
- 11. **INSTRUMENT IS READY** status bar message indicates that the instrument is ready for the next action.

In case of emergency (e.g. specimen gets loose), magnetizing process can be immediately stopped by clicking on STOP [Space Bar]. AC field amplitude and DC field intensity drop to zero as fast as possible. To initialize the tumbler, hit INITIALIZE TUMBLER [Key I].

⁹DC field vector points out of the coil.

5.5 Pulse Magnetization

5.5.1 Setting Magnetization Parameters

Switch the instrument into the **PULSE MAGNETIZER** mode (Section 5.2) and set the desired magnetization parameters (section 5.5):

Pulse intensity - intensity of DC field pulse (0 - 20 mT)

Pulse time – duration of DC field pulse (0.1 – 10 s; for the shortest pulse, 0.01 s, enter 0)

Pulses ¹⁰ – number of DC pulses with alternating polarity (1 – 10)

 $\sqrt{\text{Tumbler}}$ – if checked, the tumbler is active and the following options are applicable:

- User mode all available 18 directions
- A-mode anisotropy A-mode (12 directions)
- B-mode anisotropy B-mode (6 directions)
- C-mode anisotropy C-mode (6 directions)
- **D-mode** anisotropy D-mode (3 directions)
- P-mode anisotropy P-mode (15 directions)
- +x-axis magnetization parallel to the +x axis
- +y-axis magnetization parallel to the +y axis
- +z-axis magnetization parallel to the +z axis
- -x-axis magnetization parallel to the -x axis
- –y-axis magnetization parallel to the -y axis
- -z-axis magnetization parallel to the -z axis
- PREV ¹¹ previous magnetizing direction is set [PgUp] .
- NEXT ¹¹ next magnetizing direction is set [PgDn].
- $\sqrt{$ Auto next ¹¹ if checked, a subsequent magnetizating direction is automatically set when the current magnetization is finished.

¹⁰Not available when **Pulse time** is longer than 1s. ¹¹Available only for Anisotropy modes.

LDA5 - ver. 1.2.0 [Desktop Mode]		LDA5 - ver. 1.2.0 [Tablet Mode]	
DEMAGNETIZER ANHYSTERETIC MAGNETIZER	DEMAGNETIZER	ANHYSTERETIC MAGNETIZER	PULSE MAGNETIZER
PULSE MAGNETIZER	- Buleo intensity]
Pulse intensity Pulse time DC field [mT] 20	DC field [mT]	20 Time [s]	1
Pulses Number of alternating pulses	Pulses Number of alternating (pulses	1 +
☐ Tumbler		Tumbler	
	User mode	A-mode	B-mode
C P-mode C C-mode C D-mode	P-mode	C-mode	D-mode
C +x-axis C +y-axis C +z-axis	+x-axis	+y-axis	+z-axis
C-x-axis C-y-axis C-z-axis	-x-axis	-y-axis	-z-axis
PREV U1 NEXT	PREV	U1 Auto next	NEXT
INITIALIZE TUMBLER		INITIALIZE TUMBLER	
AC field [mT] DC field [mT]	AC field [m	т] С	C field [mT]
0 0		0	0
START STOP	START		STOP
INSTRUMENT IS READY	INSTRUMENT IS F	READY	

Figure 11: An example of the **PULSE MAGNETIZER** user interface in the Desktop or Tablet installation modes.

5.5.2 Magnetization Process

- 1. Pull the tumbler from the Specimen Unit.
- 2. Insert the specimen into the tumbler (Figure 8). The front face of the specimen must be oriented toward the coil and the arrow representing the *x*-axis of the specimen coordinate system (Figure 9) must point upward.
- 3. Gently tighten the fixing screw (Figure 8). Be careful, excessive tightening force may temporarily skew the tumbler which may leads to its malfunction.
- 4. Push the tumbler all the way into the **Specimen Unit**.
- 5. Hit START [Enter].

- The tumbler sets the required specimen orientation (according to the Magnetizing mode).
- 7. The DC field is swiched ON ¹². The current DC field intensity is shown in the GREEN panel of the user interface (Figure 11).
- 8. After a desired pulse time the DC field is swiched OFF.
- 9. If the number of **Pulses** is higher than 1, the Steps 7 and 8 are repeated for a required number of times, each time with a pulse of alternating polarity.
- 10. The tumbler is initialized.
- 11. **INSTRUMENT IS READY** status bar mesage indicates that the instrument is ready for the next action.

In case of emergency (e.g. specimen gets loose), magnetizing process can be immediately stopped by clicking on STOP [Space Bar]. DC field intensity drops to zero as fast as possible. To initialize the tumbler, hit INITIALIZE TUMBLER [Key I].

¹²DC field vector points out of the coil.

6 Troubleshooting

Instrument contains plenty of hardware control circuits and software diagnostic tests to prevent any serious damage to the instrument. Some potential errors and their solution are noted bellow. Please keep in mind, that best way to solve problems with AGICO instruments, is to contact manufacturer via. email address **agico@agico.cz**. Lifetime email support is free of cost, so do not hesitate to contact us with any questions.

It is strongly prohibited to interfere with the instrument electronics. In case of malfunction please contact the manufacturer.

6.1 Hardware Error Indications

LED indicators on front panels of LDA5 Unit and PAM1 Unit inform about actual state of the instrument. Green LED light indicates that respective Unit is active and the instrument is ready to use. In case of no light, the Unit is not connected, or some voltages are not present. It is recommended to check the cable connections and check software error messages in LDA5 software. If it does not help, contact AGICO for assistance.



Figure 12: Back panels of LDA5 and PAM1 apparatuses

LED indicators on back panel of LDA5 Unit inform about actual status of signal amplifier. During a demagnetization process, both LED lights are green. For basic inspection of possible malfunction, observe the LED lights during the demagnetization and contact AGICO for assistance.

LED indicators on back panel of PAM1 Unit inform about selected magnetization mode - AMU mode or PUM mode. LED lights also indicate a Positive or Negative Pulse in PUM mode. For basic inspection of possible malfunction, observe the LED lights during the magnetization and contact AGICO for assistance.

6.2 Software Error Messages

Software error messages inform about actual problems of the instrument. Table 3 concludes recommended troubleshooting steps after some error occurs. These error messages are automatically shown in message box in **LDA5** software.

Error message	Error description and solution		
	Temperature of coil is too high. Wait for a short time		
Coll Overneated	before you start a new demagnetization treatment.		
	Coil is not connected to PAMI Unit. Check the ca-		
DC Coil is NOT Connected	ble connection.		
· · · ·	DC field is not present. Check cable connection and		
DC Field Error	contact Agico for assistance.		
	Coil is not connected to LDA5 Unit. Check cable		
NO AC Current	connection and contact Agico for assistance.		
	PAMI Unit is not connected. Check cable connec-		
PAM is NOT Connected	tion and switch ON PAM1 Unit.		
	Up / Power supply is not active. Power supply is not		
Power -+75 V OFF	active. Contact Agico for assistance.		
	Tumbler can not find initial position. Remove any		
Tumbler Init Error	sample and check the rotation of empty tumbler.		
	Contact Agico for assistance.		
	Cable from the tumbler is not connected. Check		
Tumbler is NOT Connected	if the cable between the tumbler and LDA5 Unit is		
	properly connected.		
	Tumbler is not inserted in the coil. Push the rail		
Tumbler is Out of Coll	with tumbler in correct position in the coil.		
	The coil is heated to the maximum limit. Wait for		
Warning: Hot Coil	a short time until the coil is cooled to the operating		
	temperature.		

Table 3: List of errors shown by LDA5 software

6.2.1 Diagnostic files from LDA5 software

Software LDA5 contains also a diagnostic tool for basic inspection of possible malfunction. Communication between the instrument and computer is saved in the diagnostic files located in directory *C*:*LDA5\mon*. For name of file is used current date and extension is *.mon*. It is recommended to send all the files from this directory to Agico for further analysis.

7 Appendix

7.1 Technical Specifications

LDA5

PC connection	USB port (galvanically isolated from the PC)
Specimen dimensions	Cube: $23.5 \times 23.5 \times 23.5$ mm Cube: $20.0 \times 20.0 \times 20.0$ mm (with adapter) Cylinder: 25.4 mm diameter, 23.5 mm height
AC field	0 to 200 mT (peak value)
Power requirements	230 V / 50 Hz, 1600 VA max (optionally 115 V / 60 Hz)
Main fuses	$2\times10A$ (for 115 V: $2\times20A$), T – Time-lag type
Dimensions, Mass	Specimen Unit: 110 $ imes$ 39 $ imes$ 46 cm, 95 kg Electronic Unit: 47 $ imes$ 38 $ imes$ 17 cm, 30 kg

PAM1

DC field	0 to 500 μ T (Anhysteretic Magnetizer) 1 to 20 mT (Pulse Magnetizer)
Duration of DC pulse	0.01 to 10 s (Pulse Magnetizer)
Power requirements	230 V / 50 Hz, 100 VA max (optionally 115 V / 60 Hz)
Main fuses	$2\times2A$ (for 115 V: $2\times4A$), T – Time-lag type
Dimensions, Mass	Electronic Unit: 47 × 38 ×13 cm, 20 kg

7.2 Warranty

AGICO warrants that this product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of usually 1 (one) year from date of installation. However, if the installation is performed later than 3 (three) months after the date of shipment due to causes on side of Customer, the warranty period begins three months after the date of shipment. If any such product proves defective during this warranty period, AGICO, at its option, either will repair the defective product without charge for parts and labour, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product.

In order to obtain service under this warranty, Customer must notify AGICO of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period and make suitable arrangements for the performance of service. AGICO will decide if the repair is to be performed by AGICO technician or AGICO delegated serviceman in customers laboratory, or product shall be sent for repair to the manufacturer. In latter case, customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to the AGICO service centre. In both cases, all the costs related to a warranty repair shall be at expenses of AGICO.

The warranty becomes invalid if the Customer modifies the instrument or fails to follow the operating instructions, in case of failure caused by improper use or improper or inadequate maintenance and care, or if the Customer attempts to install the instrument without explicit written permission of AGICO company. AGICO shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty a) to repair damage resulting from attempts by personnel other than AGICO representatives to install, repair or service the product; b) to repair damage resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment; or c) to service a product that has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such modification increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product.

This warranty is given by AGICO with respect to this product in lieu of any other warranties, expressed or implied. AGICO and its vendors disclaim any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. AGICO's responsibility to repair or replace defective products is the sole and exclusive remedy provided to the Customer for breach of this warranty. AGICO and its vendors will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages irrespective of whether AGICO or vendor has advance notice of the possibility of such damages.

7.3 EC Declaration of Conformity

We,

AGICO, s.r.o., Ječná 29a, CZ - 621 00 Brno, IČO 607 313 54, declare that the product:

Name: System for alternating field demagnetization and anhysteretic/pulse magnetization of rock samples

Modulus Type: LDA5 - Alternating Field Demagnetizer

Modulus Type: PAM1 - Anhysteretic and Pulse Magnetizer

Manufacturer: AGICO, s.r.o., Ječná 29a, CZ - 621 00 Brno, IČO 607 313 54

Place of producing: AGICO, s.r.o., Ječná 29a, CZ - 621 00 Brno, IČO 607 313 54

fulfils the applicable requirements of following regulations / normative documents and technical specifications:

ČSN EN 61000-6-3 ed. 2:2007+A1:2011 - (Czech version EN 61000-6-3:2007+A1:2011) ČSN EN 55016-2-1 ed. 3:2009+A1:2011 - (Czech version EN 55016-2-1:2010+A1:2011) ČSN EN 55016-2-3 ed. 3:2010+A1:2011 - (Czech version EN 55016-2-3:2010+A1:2010) ČSN EN 61000-3-2 ed. 3:2006+A1:2010+A2:2010 - (Czech version EN 61000-3-2:2006+A1:2009+A2:2009) ČSN EN 61000-3-3 ed. 2:2009 - (Czech version EN 61000-3-3:2008) ČSN EN 61000-6-1 ed. 2:2007 - (Czech version EN 61000-6-1:2005) ČSN EN 61000-4-2 ed. 2:2009 - (Czech version EN 61000-4-2:2009) ČSN EN 61000-4-3 ed. 3:2006+A1:2008+A2:2011 - (Czech version EN 61000-4-3:2006+A1:2007+A2:2010) ČSN EN 61000-4-4 ed. 2:2005+A1:2008+A2:2011 - (Czech version EN 61000-4-3:2006+A1:2007+A2:2010) ČSN EN 61000-4-5 ed. 2:2007 - (Czech version EN 61000-4-5:2006) ČSN EN 61000-4-6 ed. 3:2009 - (Czech version EN 61000-4-6:2009) ČSN EN 61000-4-6 ed. 3:2009 - (Czech version EN 61000-4-6:2009) ČSN EN 61000-4-6 ed. 3:2009 - (Czech version EN 61000-4-6:2009)

Responsible person: Petr Pokorný, development engineer